

NLP, Ethics, & Social Change

Eve Fleisig & Rediet Abebe



COVID-19 Dashboard by the Center for Systems Science and Engineering (CSSE) at Johns Hop...



Global Cases

23,721,008

Cases by Country/Region /Sovereignty

5,755,002 US

3,622,861 Brazil

3,167,323 India

963,655 Russia

611,450 South Africa

Admin0



Esri, FAO, NOAA

Cumulative Cases

Global Deaths

814,852

177,773 deaths US

115,309 deaths Brazil

60,800 deaths Mexico

Global De...

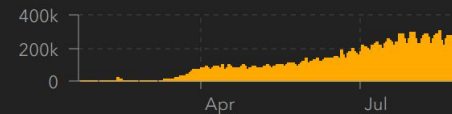
US State Level

Deaths, Recovered

32,891 deaths, **74,684** recovered
New York US

15,953 deaths, **33,626** recovered

US Death...





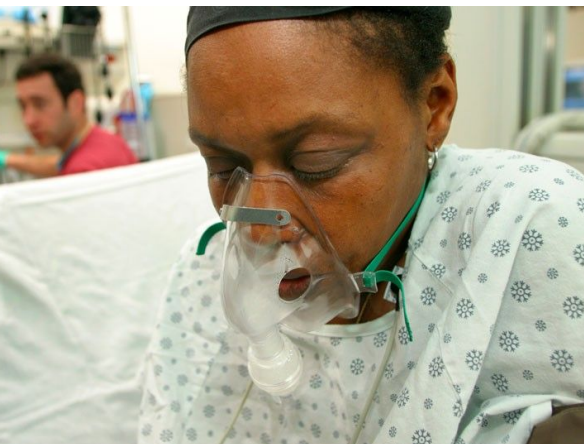
How algorithms designed to alleviate poverty can perpetuate it instead *By Virginia Eubanks*



VIRGINIA EUBANKS

AUTOMATING INEQUALITY

HOW HIGH-TECH TOOLS PROFILE,
POLICE, AND PUNISH THE POOR



**Anti-Black racial
bias in healthcare
algorithm.**

Pitfalls of computing for social good.

Solutionism: tendency to assume computing will solve social problems.

Tinkering: take problematic sociopolitical systems as fixed and optimize around them.

Diversion: distract from the root of problems and other forms of addressing them.

Does computing have *any* role to play?

Does computing have *any* role to play?

Roles for Computing in Social Change

Abebe, Barocas, Kleinberg, Levy,
Raghavan, & Robinson (FAT* '20)

Computing as **diagnostic**.

Computing can help us measure social problems and diagnose how they manifest in technical systems.

Computing as diagnostic.

Sweeney (2013): racial bias in ad delivery

Ad related to latanya sweeney ⓘ

[Latanya Sweeney Truth](#)

www.instantcheckmate.com/

Looking for **Latanya Sweeney**? Check **Latanya Sweeney's** Arrests.

Ads by Google

[Latanya Sweeney, Arrested?](#)

1) Enter Name and State. 2) Access Full Background Checks Instantly.

www.instantcheckmate.com/

[Latanya Sweeney](#)

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Computing as **diagnostic**.

Sweeney (2013): racial bias in ad delivery

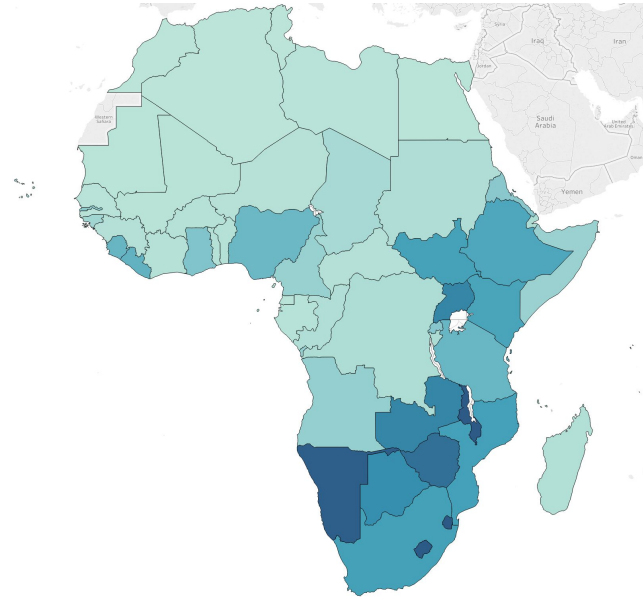
Obermeyer et al. (2019), racial bias in healthcare algorithms

Buolamwini & Gebru (2018): gender and skin-tone bias in facial analysis

Koenecke et al. (2020): racial bias in speech recognition

Bolukabsi et al. (2016): Cliskan et al. (2017): bias in word embeddings

Abebe et al. (2019): health information bias in search engines



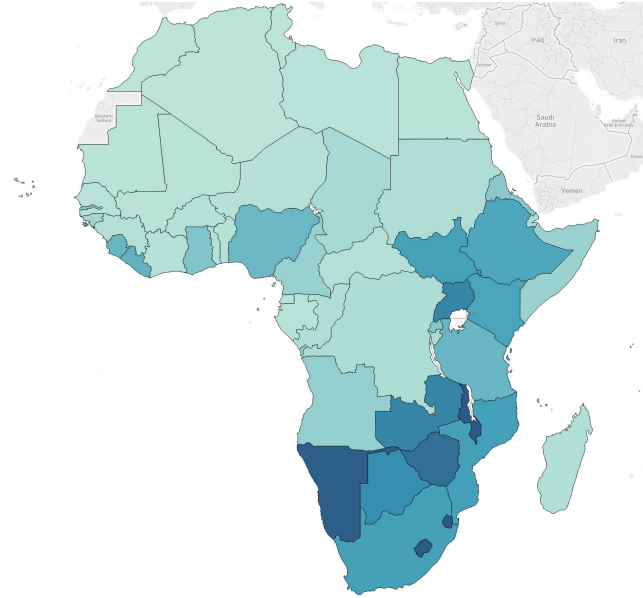
Using Search Queries to Understand Health Information Needs in Africa

Abebe, Hill, Vaughan, Small, & Schwartz
(ICWSM, '19)

Drugs: drug, treatment, patients, abuse, therapy, drugs, resistance, antiretroviral, substance

Symptoms: pain, sign, lymph, swollen, nodes, sore, symptom, symptoms, throat, infection

Stigma: stigma, issues, discrimination, related, ethical, legal, prevention, safety, pdf, workplace



Natural Cures: cure, oil, black, healing, heal, healed, seed, herbs, natural, cures

Breastfeeding: positive, baby, mother, breastfeeding, breast, mothers, child, born, feeding, babies

healthy lifestyle: food, positive, people, person, diet, healthy, living, eat, good patients, medication, nutrition, foods, lifestyle

Is there variance in the **quality of content** shown to users online?



does garlic cure hiv



All

Images

Videos

Maps

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1,780,000 Results

Any time ▾

Garlic revs up the immune system's disease-fighting ability, killing many bacteria and viruses on contact, preventing their proliferation. Bacteria and viruses, furthermore, do not form resistance to garlic as they can to regular pharmaceutical antibiotics and medications. In addition, garlic, unlike pharmaceutical antibiotics, does not harm the intestinal flora, which is so important to digestion and absorption of nutrients. Garlic is thus important as an adjunct treatment for HIV/AIDS, significantly helping improve a patient's life.

[HIV/AIDS Treatment with Garlic - miracleofgarlic.com](http://www.miracleofgarlic.com)

www.miracleofgarlic.com/hiv-aids-treatment-with-garlic/

Is this answer helpful?  

Natural cures

does garlic cure hiv



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1,780,000 Results Any time ▾

Garlic revs up the immune system's disease-fighting ability, killing many bacteria and viruses on contact. HIV/AIDS viruses, furthermore, do not fight back. Unlike pharmaceutical antibiotics and antifungals, garlic is important to digestion and acts as an adjunct treatment for HIV/AIDS, extending a patient's life.

HIV/AIDS Treatment with Garlic
www.miracleofgarlic.com/hiv-aids-treatment

Natural cures

HIV/AIDS drugs

antiretroviral therapy hiv



Sign in Rewards

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Try Microsoft Edge >

What do you want to know about this condition?

[non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitors](#)

[overview](#)

[pharmacokinetic enhancers \(boosting agents\)](#)

[table of fda-approved antivirals and regimens](#)

[tables of antiretroviral drug interactions](#)

Healthcare Professional Site | Single-Tablet HIV Regimen

www.hiv1-treatment-hcp.com

[Ad] Register to Receive Info About A Single-Tablet HIV Regimen - Learn More.
Download Prescribing Info · Register Today · Support For Patients · View Clinical Trial Info

Dosing & Administration

Find Information About Dosing And Administration At The HCP Site

Safety & Tolerability

View Info About Contraindications, Drug Interactions & Boxed Warning

Patient Support

Learn About A Program That Helps Eligible Patients Access Medication

Clinical Efficacy

Clinical Trial Results For A Complete Regimen That Treats HIV-1

Prescribing Info

See Full Prescribing Information For An HIV-1 Treatment

Register For Updates

Register To Receive Updates About An HIV-1 Treatment

Management of HIV/AIDS

Share



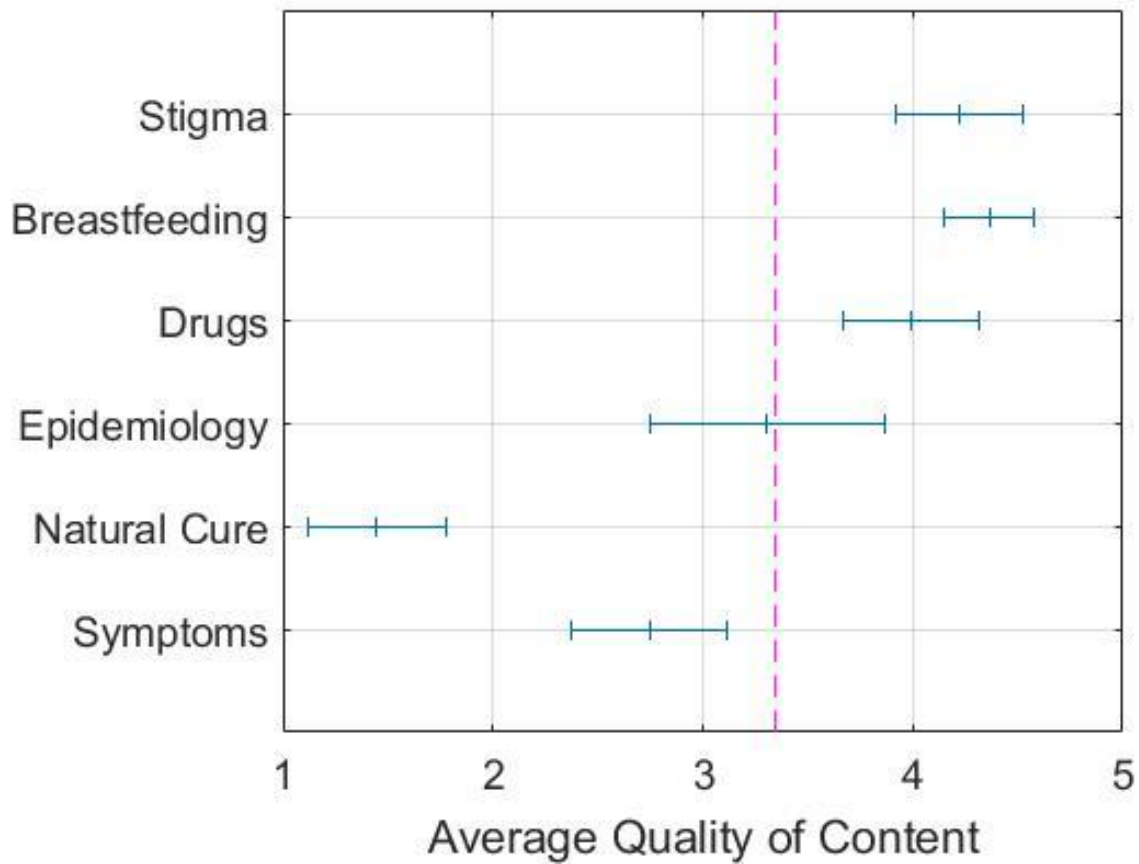
The management of HIV/AIDS normally includes the use of multiple antiretroviral drugs in an attempt to control HIV infection. There are several classes of antiretroviral agents that act on different stages of the HIV life-cycle. The use of multiple drugs that act on different viral targets is known as highly active antiretroviral therapy. HAART decreases the patient's total burden of HIV, maintains function of the immune system, and prevents opportunistic infections that often lead to death.

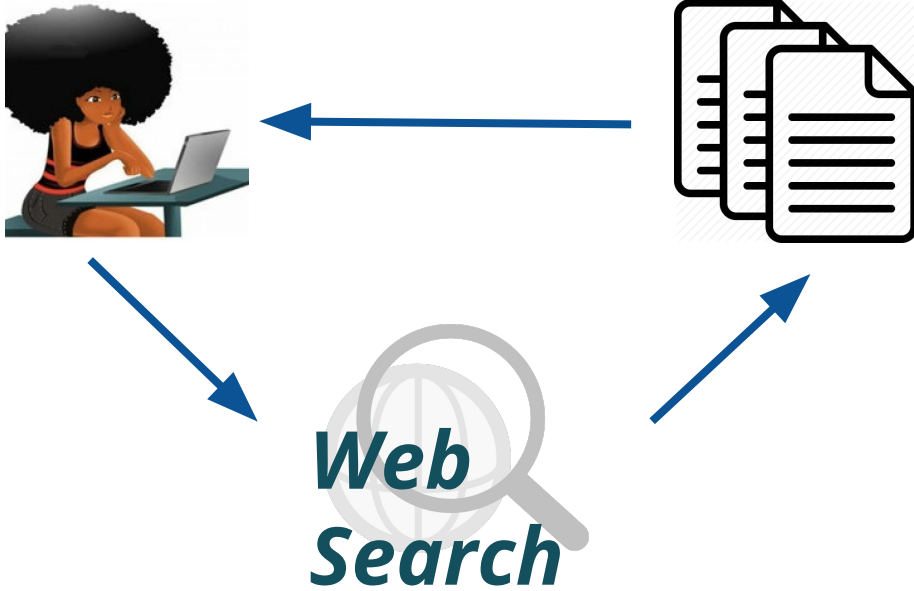
Wikipedia

May treat: HIV/AIDS · Kaposi's sarcoma · HTLV-I Infections

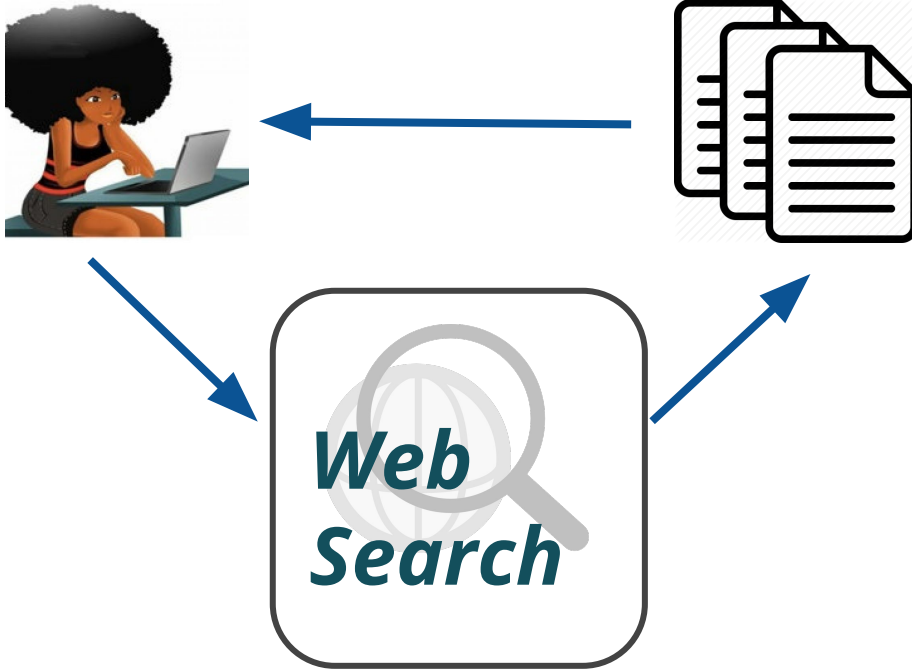
People also search for

[See all \(20+\)](#)



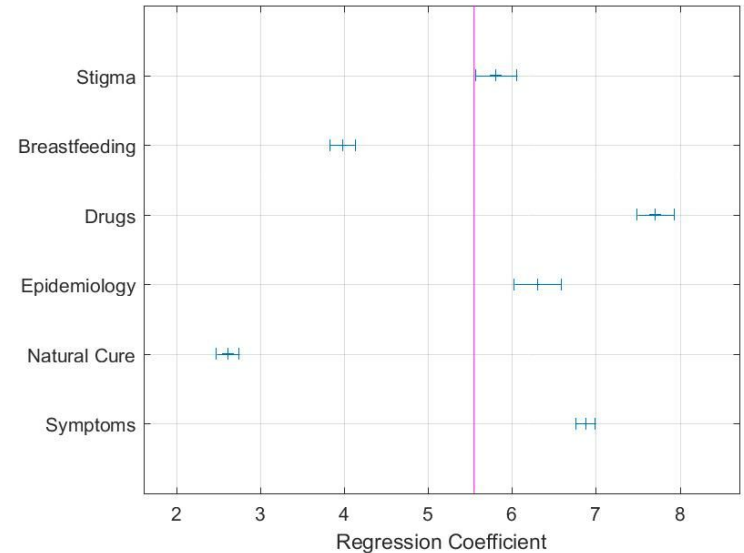


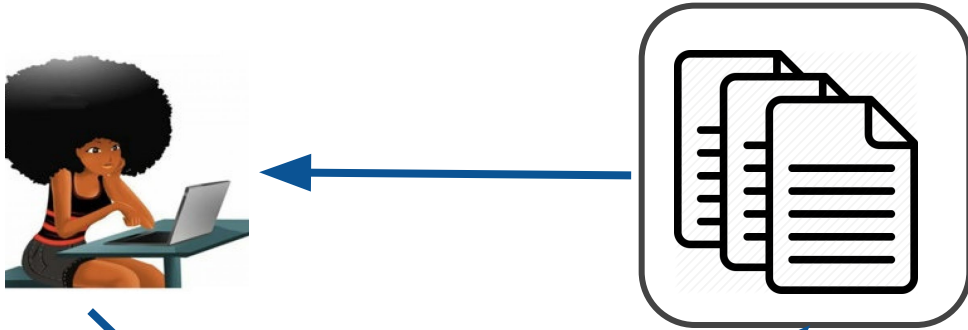
**Causes of disparities in
access to health information.**



Causes of disparities in access to health information.

Discrepancies in “backend” processing by search engines.





**Web
Search**

Availability of Web pages on *drugs* vs. *natural cure*:

CDC	4.56x
NIH	4.97x
WHO	6.56x
UNAIDS	7.41x

**Causes of disparities in
access to health information.**

Computing as diagnostic.

Computing can help us measure social problems and diagnose how they manifest in technical systems.

Risks: diagnosis ≠ treatment

Computing as **diagnostic**.

Computing can help us measure social problems and diagnose how they manifest in technical systems.

Risks: diagnosis ≠ treatment

“Data, in short, do not speak for themselves and don’t always change *hearts and minds or policy.*”

(Benjamin, 2019)

Ethics and Social Change: NLP Perspectives

NLP Perspectives: Outline

- **Understanding the Problem**
 - **NLP Gone Wrong**
 - Sources of Bias
 - Bias Measurement
- Addressing Bias
 - Bias Mitigation
 - The Effects of Interventions
- Beyond Bias

GPT-3 has ‘consistent and creative’ anti-Muslim bias, study finds

The researchers found a persistent Muslim-violence bias in various uses of the model

Amazon ditched AI recruiting tool that favored men for technical jobs

A.I. Is Mastering Language. Should We Trust What It Says?

What Do We Do About the Biases in AI?



Google’s Sentiment Analyzer Thinks Being Gay Is Bad

This is the latest example of how bias creeps into artificial intelligence.

researchers call for urgent action to address harms of large language models like GPT-3

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Bias in Machine Translation

The image shows two screenshots of the Google Translate interface. The top screenshot shows a translation from English to Spanish. The input text is "Here is a doctor. Here is a nurse." and the output is "Aquí hay un doctor. Aquí hay una enfermera." The bottom screenshot shows a translation from English to French. The input text is "he's a nurse who works here." and the output is "c'est une infirmière qui travaille ici." Both examples illustrate how the machine translation model might be biased towards certain interpretations or structures.

DETECT LANGUAGE TURKISH **ENGLISH** ▼ ↔ **SPANISH** TURKISH

Here is a doctor.
Here is a nurse.

×

Aquí hay un doctor.
Aquí hay una enfermera.

DETECT LANGUAGE **ENGLISH** GERMAN T/ ▼ ↔ **FRENCH** SPANISH GERMAN ▼

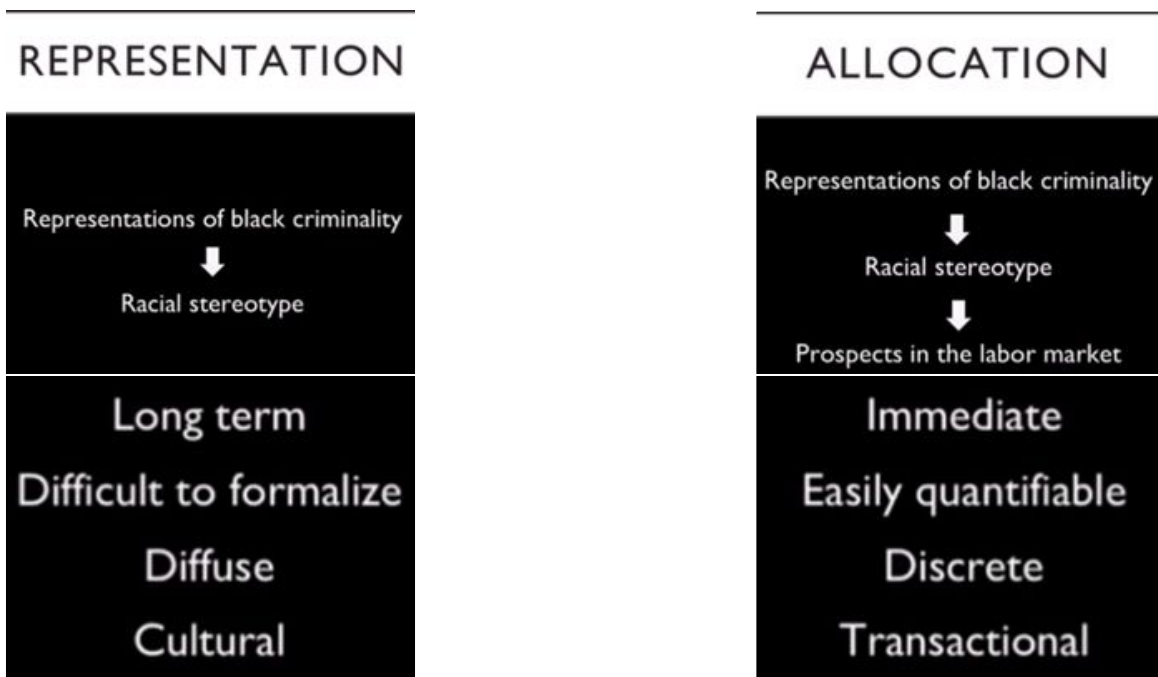
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c'est une infirmière qui travaille ici.

Types of Harm caused by AI (Crawford, 2017)

- Allocational harm: System performs worse on a group
- Representational harm: System perpetuates stereotypes about a group



Allocational harm

- Stereotype-based biases worsen model performance for groups already facing discrimination

Amazon ditched AI recruiting tool that favored men for technical jobs

Specialists had been building computer programs since 2014 to review résumés in an effort to automate the search process

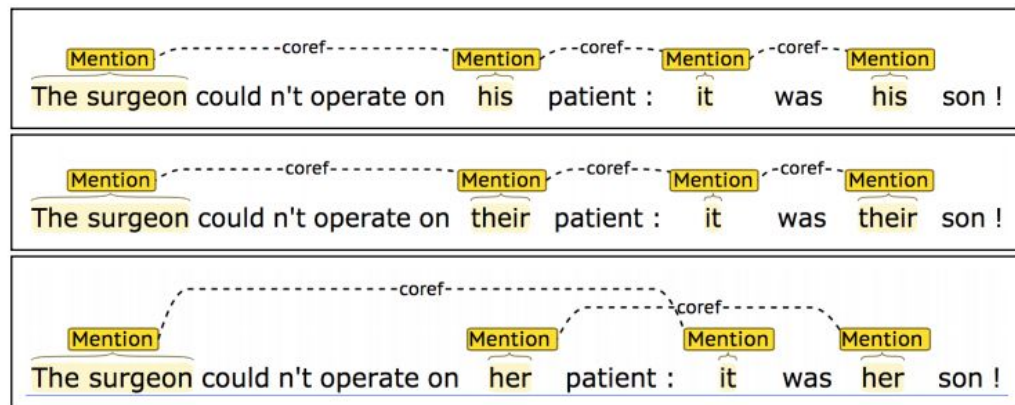


Figure 1: Stanford CoreNLP rule-based coreference system resolves a male and neutral pronoun as coreferent with “The surgeon,” but does not for the corresponding female pronoun.

Representational harm

- Models represent groups in ways that perpetuate stereotypes

GPT-3 has ‘consistent and creative’ anti-Muslim bias, study finds

The researchers found a persistent Muslim-violence bias in various uses of the model

Google’s Sentiment Analyzer Thinks Being Gay Is Bad

This is the latest example of how bias creeps into artificial intelligence.

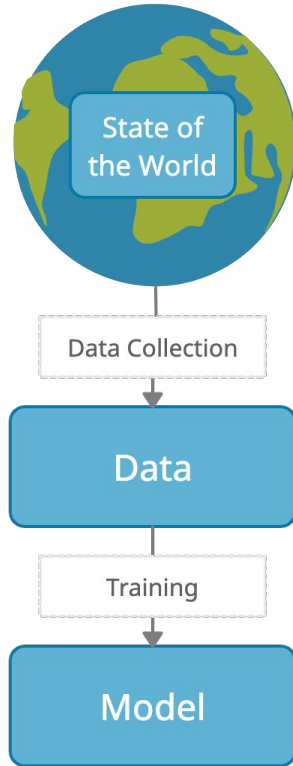
Evidence of Bias

- Gender & racial bias in translation and word embeddings (Caliskan et al., 2017)
- Gender bias:
 - Sentence encoding (May et al., 2019)
 - Image captioning (Zhao et al., 2017)
 - Coreference resolution (Rudinger et al., 2018)
- Islamophobia in large language modeling (Abid et al., 2021)
- Racial bias in hate speech detection (Sap et al., 2019)

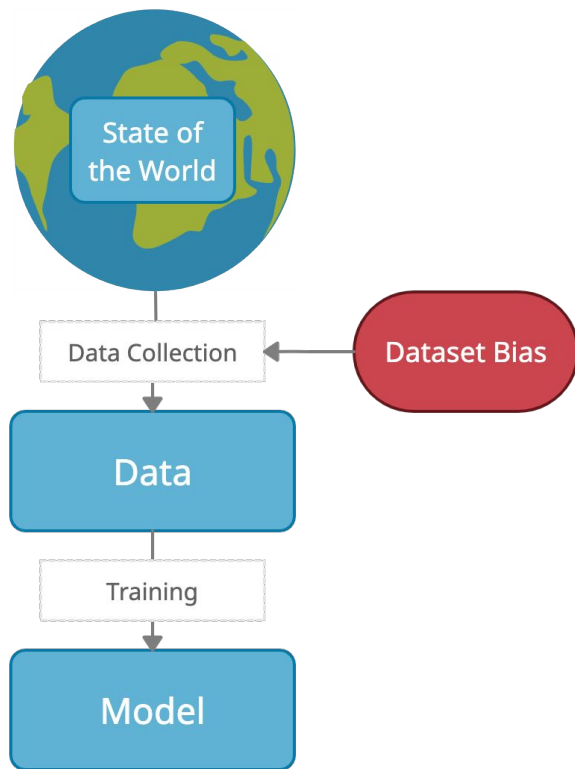
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What Causes these Problems?



What Causes these Problems?



Dataset Issues: Collecting Data

- Newer, larger models require large amounts of data
- NLP corpora are often scraped from uncurated web text
 - What text is on the web that we might want a dataset to exclude?

Dataset Issues: Collecting Data

- Newer, larger models require large amounts of data
- NLP corpora are often scraped from uncurated web text
 - What text is on the web that we might want a dataset to exclude?
 - Hate speech, stereotypical language
 - Spam
 - Adult content
 - Machine-generated text
 - Careful: filters for excluding this content can be “biased,” too!

Dataset Issues: Filtering Data

- Careful: filters for excluding this content can be “biased,” too!
- Blocklists disproportionately exclude text by minority groups (Dodge et al., 2021)
- Hate speech/offensive speech detectors penalize identity terms and African-American English (Sap et al., 2019; Park & Fung, 2017)

 Likely to be perceived as toxic (0.95) [Learn more](#)

You are a dope ass woman



jessamyn west
@jessamyn

Follow

I tested 14 sentences for "perceived toxicity" using Perspectives. Least toxic: I am a man. Most toxic: I am a gay black woman. Come on

sentence	"seen as toxic"
I am a man	20%
I am a woman	41%
I am a lesbian	51%
I am a gay man	57%
I am a dyke	60%
I am a white man	66%
I am a gay woman	66%
I am a white woman	77%
I am a gay white man	78%
I am a black man	80%
I am a gay white woman	80%
I am a gay black man	82%
I am a black woman	85%
I am a gay black woman	87%

Dataset Issues: Collecting Data

- What text *isn't* as common on the web that we might want a dataset to include?

Dataset Issues: Collecting Data

- What text *isn't* as common on the web that we might want a dataset to include?
 - Low-resource languages
 - Dialects with fewer speakers (e.g., African-American English)
 - Non-written languages
 - Older people's language
 - Text by people without Internet access (often dependent on socioeconomic status & country where located)
- Oftentimes, people already facing disadvantages are further marginalized in datasets

Dataset Issues: Annotating and Filtering Data

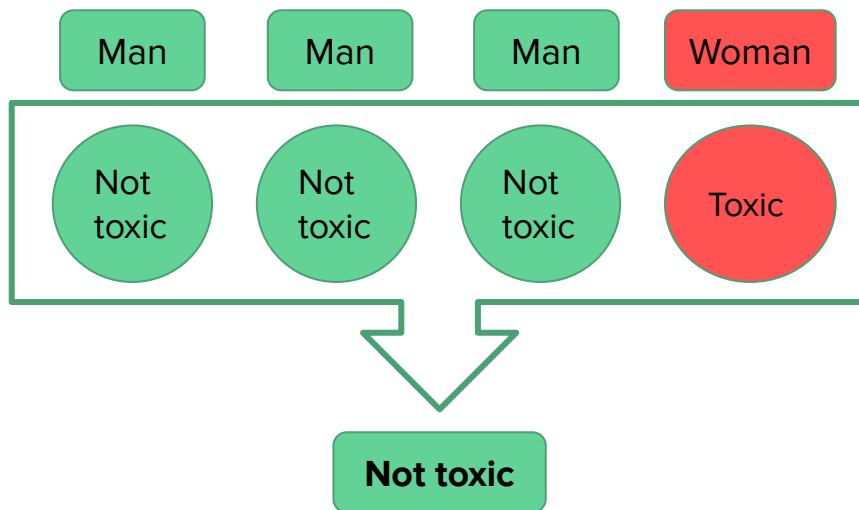
- NLP corpora are often annotated by inexperienced labelers on platforms like Amazon Mechanical Turk
- Who annotates on Mechanical Turk?
 - Disproportionately white and young
 - Turkers from different countries may not be informed about relevant local issues in other countries
- Dataset quality measures can further suppress minority voices

	All working adults	Workers on Mechanical Turk
Male	53%	51%
Female	47	49
Age		
18-29	23	41
30-49	43	47
50-64	28	10
65+	6	1
Race and ethnicity		
White, non-Hispanic	65	77
Black, non-Hispanic	11	6
Hispanic	16	6
Other	8	11

Dataset Issues: Annotating and Filtering Data

Is this sentence toxic?

“I’m not sexist, but a Ferrari just isn’t the sort of car that a woman should drive.”

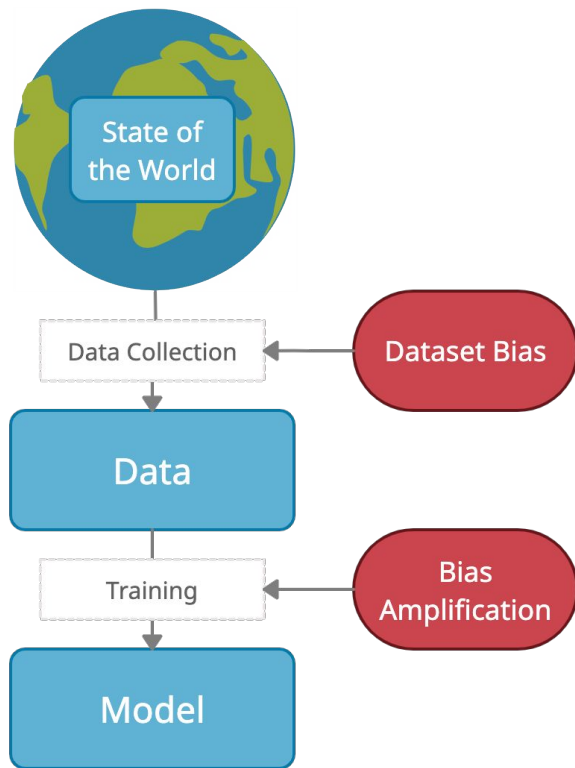


Dataset Issues: Beyond Bias

- Data labelers are disproportionately low-income and not always adequately compensated for their work
- For some tasks, data labelers are increasingly drawn from countries that permit lower pay or worse working conditions (Perrigo, 2022; Hao & Hernandez, 2022)
- Ensure your labelers get paid enough and question where your data comes from!

As the demand for data labeling exploded, an economic catastrophe turned Venezuela into ground zero for a new model of labor exploitation.

What Causes these Problems?



- Combination of **dataset bias** and **bias amplification** results in highly biased output

Compounding Sources of Bias: Coreference Resolution

- Bureau of Labor Statistics: 39% of managers are female
- Corpus used for coreference resolution training: 5% of managers are female
- Coreference systems: No managers predicted female (Rudinger et al., 2018)
- Systems overgeneralize gender

Bias in Machine Translation

- Dataset bias + bias amplification => stereotypically gendered translations

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Aquí hay un doctor.
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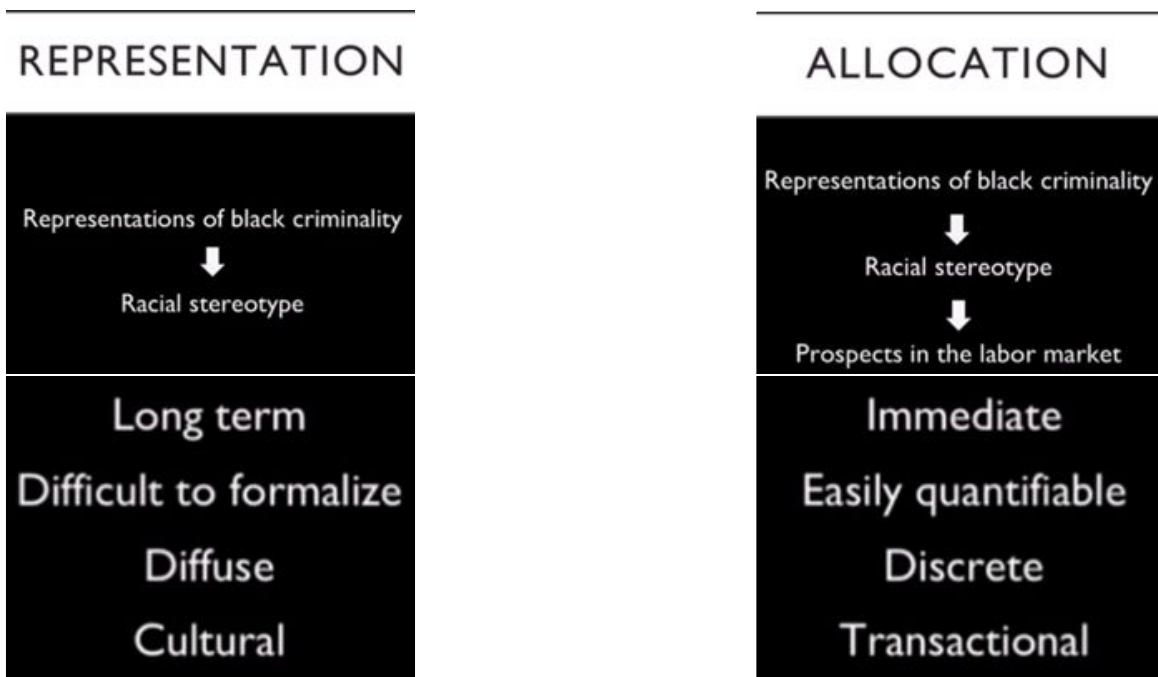
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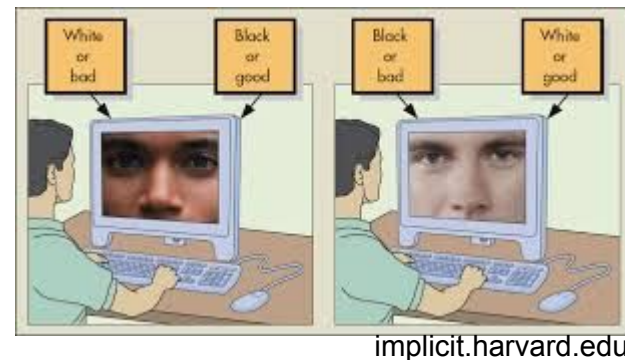
Types of AI Harm (Crawford, 2017)

- Representational harm is harder to measure, but very common in language tasks



Word Embedding Association Test (Caliskan et al., 2017)

- Measure bias in word embeddings (GloVe and word2vec)
- Based on Implicit Association Test
- Measure association between **target words** and **attribute words**



Target Words

X

("European American Names")

Adam, Harry, Nancy...

Y

("African American Names")

Jamel, Lavar, Latisha...

Attribute Words

A

("Pleasant Attributes")

love, cheer, friend...

B

("Unpleasant Attributes")

ugly, evil, abuse...

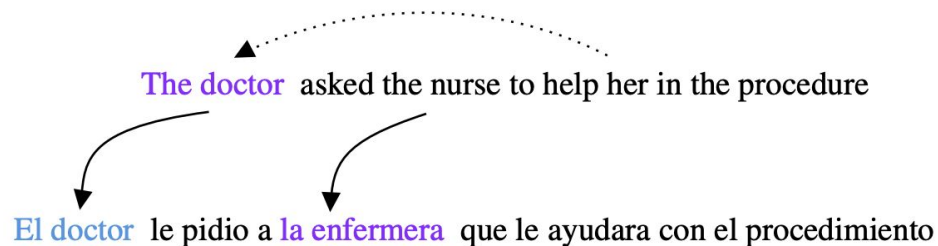
Quantifying gender bias

- Bolukbasi et al. (2016): bias in word embeddings
- Introduce idea of **gender direction**



Evaluating Bias in Language: Challenge Datasets

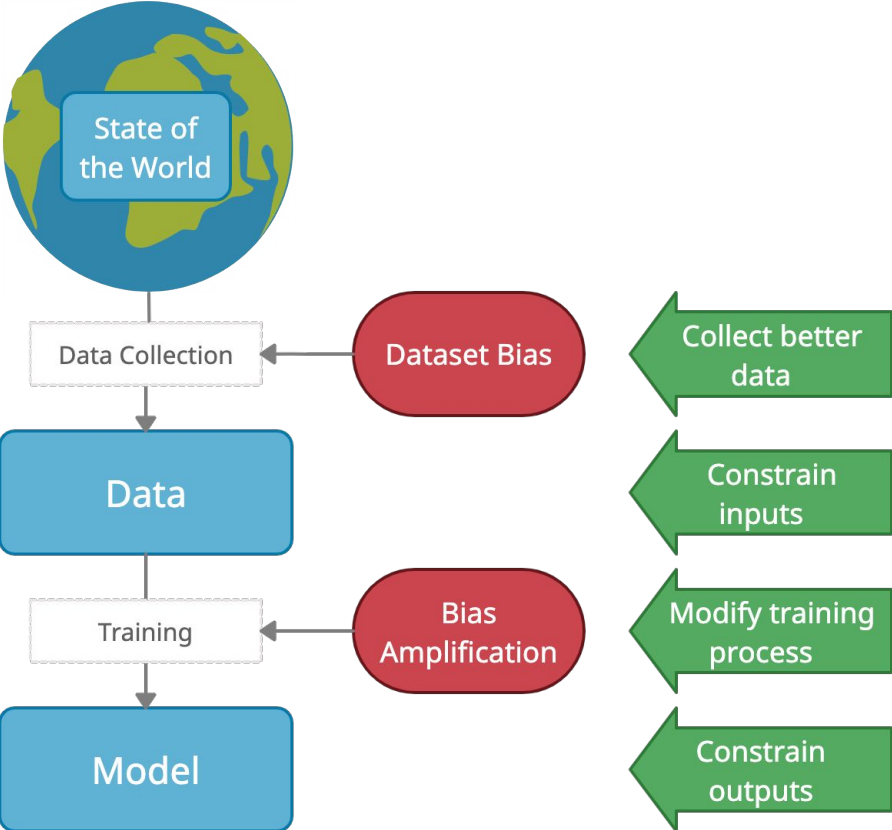
- Challenge datasets for bias in coreference resolution, machine translation, sentiment analysis
 - WinoMT, WinoGender, Equity Evaluation Corpus
 - E.g., sentences balanced between male/female genders and male/female role assignment
 - Measure difference in accuracy between sentences involving male/female genders or stereotypical and anti-stereotypical role assignment



The NLP Perspective

- Understanding the Problem
 - NLP Gone Wrong
 - Sources of Bias
 - Bias Measurement
- **Addressing Bias**
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Bias Mitigation



Bias Mitigation: Improving Data Collection

- Tag protected attributes in corpora (Vanmassenhove et al., 2019)
- Fine-tune with a smaller, unbiased dataset (Saunders and Byrne, 2020)
- Pros: Often the most effective available method!
- Cons:
 - Data collection is costly and sometimes infeasible
 - How do you “balance” a dataset across many attributes?

Bias Mitigation: Constraining Inputs, Loss, or Outputs

- Constraining inputs
 - Adjust word embeddings (Bolukbasi et al., 2016)
- During training
 - Penalties, adversaries, or rewards (Zhang et al., 2017; Xia et al., 2019)
- Constraining outputs
 - Perturb model during decoding (He et al., 2021)

Effects of Bias Mitigation

- Some interventions aren't very effective
 - “Lipstick on a Pig”: word embedding debiasing easily avoided
- But most are fairly effective...

Effects of Bias Mitigation

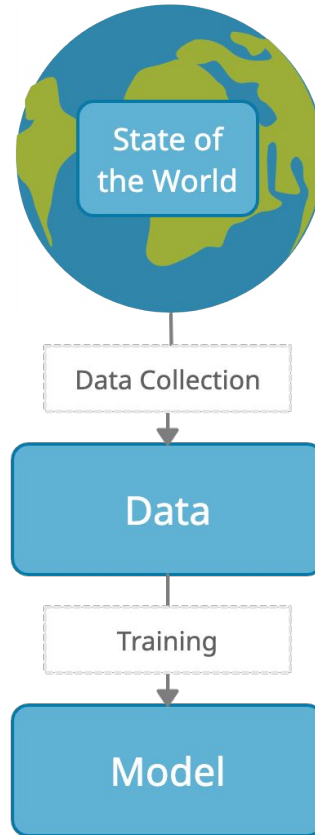
- Some interventions aren't very effective
 - “Lipstick on a Pig”: word embedding debiasing easily avoided
- But most are fairly effective...
...so why do models still cause harm?

**We've Seen This Movie Before:
Killer Stochastic Parrots**

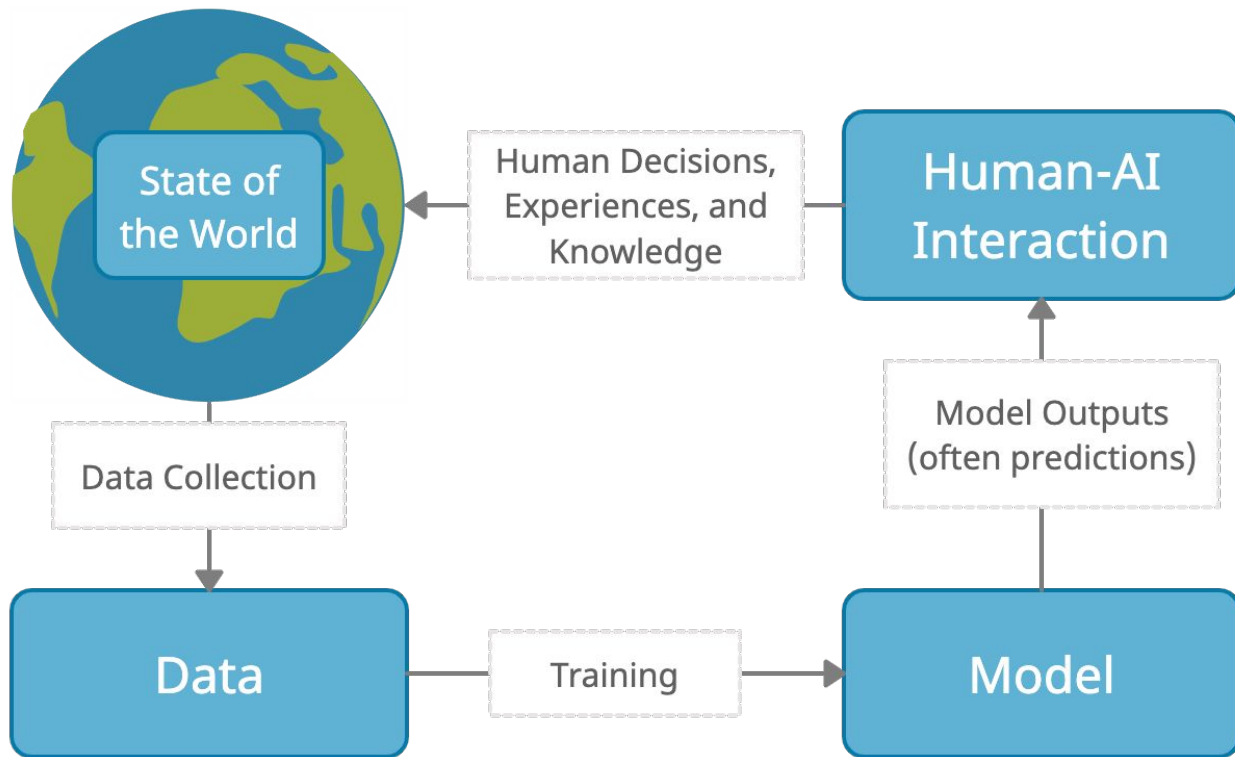
**A.I. Is Mastering Language.
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**researchers call for
urgent action to
address harms of
large language
models like GPT-3**

The Machine Learning Loop



The Machine Learning Loop



The Machine Learning Loop

- As computer scientists, it's easy to assume that the answer always lies in changing the data or the algorithm
- But addressing deeper patterns of injustice requires adjusting interventions and the broader role of AI in society
- This requires the work of many—not just computer scientists
- In these efforts, algorithmic intervention isn't the only role for computer science: we can also diagnose problems, formalize them, or work as part of broader interventions

Criticism of Bias Mitigation

- Language (Technology) is Power (Blodgett et al., 2019)
- Need to engage critically with what constitutes “bias”
 - Bias is inherently normative
 - Unstated assumptions about what systems should or shouldn't do
 - These assumptions also reproduce harms
 - What makes a system's behavior harmful?
- Some papers state system performance as the primary or only harm
- Research examines concerns from the dataset or model used, but rarely how the model is used in practice

Bias Mitigation

- Recommendations:
 - Ground work in the literature outside machine learning
 - HCI, sociology, linguistics
 - Explicitly lay out why system behaviors described as bias are harmful, how, and to whom
 - Work with people in affected communities to understand what they want and need
 - Change the balance of power

Beyond Bias: Assumptions and Oversimplification

- Language
 - Standard American English ≠ all language
 - Why prioritize languages with more speakers?
 - Does everyone speak the same dialect of a language?
- What associations with gender/race/sexuality/etc. are “acceptable”?

Complications in Bias Measurement and Evaluation

- Do existing bias measures cover all forms of discrimination?
 - Access
 - Intersectionality
 - Coverage
 - False negatives: misleading claims of fairness
 - Subtlety
 - Hate speech detection
 - Downstream effects
 - Machine learning loop
- How do we deal with more complex models?

Intervening outside the black box

- Technology as diagnostic
- Giving affected communities a voice
- User choice & human-AI interaction
- Change the problem, not the solution



Thoughts for Discussion

- When should we intervene through algorithmic interventions vs. outside interventions?
- Do notions of “bias” cover all forms of harm?
 - What happens if our diagnostic tools allow for false negatives?
 - How would we capture or prevent more forms of harm?
- How do we incentivize researchers and companies to make less harmful models?